



1
00:00:03,990 --> 00:00:01,990
here at the kennedy space center they

2
00:00:06,150 --> 00:00:04,000
continue to process the payloads for the

3
00:00:07,590 --> 00:00:06,160
spacex 4 launch and today we're going to

4
00:00:10,549 --> 00:00:07,600
talk about one of those payloads it's

5
00:00:12,870 --> 00:00:10,559
called micro 8 and it's studying yeast

6
00:00:14,230 --> 00:00:12,880
in space joining me now is sheila

7
00:00:16,710 --> 00:00:14,240
nielsen she is the principal

8
00:00:19,029 --> 00:00:16,720
investigator for the micro eight uh

9
00:00:20,390 --> 00:00:19,039
project and also fatigue

10
00:00:21,910 --> 00:00:20,400
and he is from the ames research center

11
00:00:23,750 --> 00:00:21,920
you're the project scientist thank you

12
00:00:25,990 --> 00:00:23,760
you both for joining us today first of

13
00:00:28,230 --> 00:00:26,000

all tell us about micro eight thanks

14

00:00:29,990 --> 00:00:28,240

lori microwave is our opportunity to

15

00:00:31,429 --> 00:00:30,000

evaluate how yeast

16

00:00:33,430 --> 00:00:31,439

or cells in general respond to the

17

00:00:34,870 --> 00:00:33,440

microgravity environment in our case

18

00:00:36,709 --> 00:00:34,880

we're working with the east canada

19

00:00:39,830 --> 00:00:36,719

albicans which is an opportunistic

20

00:00:41,990 --> 00:00:39,840

pathogen it causes the superficial and

21

00:00:44,549 --> 00:00:42,000

usually easily treatable infections like

22

00:00:45,910 --> 00:00:44,559

thrush and fungal nails but it can be a

23

00:00:48,470 --> 00:00:45,920

much more of a concern for some

24

00:00:50,069 --> 00:00:48,480

individuals so microwave is an extension

25

00:00:51,670 --> 00:00:50,079

of micro-6

26
00:00:53,270 --> 00:00:51,680
that we launched two years ago when we

27
00:00:56,869 --> 00:00:53,280
took what what we learned from that

28
00:00:59,029 --> 00:00:56,879
experiment and are generating

29
00:01:00,950 --> 00:00:59,039
additional experiments to sort of take

30
00:01:02,790 --> 00:01:00,960
that research one step farther on

31
00:01:04,950 --> 00:01:02,800
microwave why do we study this does it

32
00:01:06,789 --> 00:01:04,960
benefit us here on earth does it benefit

33
00:01:08,149 --> 00:01:06,799
future space flight why do we study it

34
00:01:10,390 --> 00:01:08,159
right well i actually think of the

35
00:01:11,590 --> 00:01:10,400
experiment sort of as a three-fold

36
00:01:13,910 --> 00:01:11,600
process

37
00:01:16,310 --> 00:01:13,920
the first and and most basic

38
00:01:18,950 --> 00:01:16,320

scientifically is to understand how ye

39

00:01:20,149 --> 00:01:18,960

how cells in general respond to extreme

40

00:01:21,910 --> 00:01:20,159

environments

41

00:01:23,910 --> 00:01:21,920

which microgravity certainly is an

42

00:01:26,070 --> 00:01:23,920

extreme environment and that just gives

43

00:01:28,310 --> 00:01:26,080

us some some general information on cell

44

00:01:30,469 --> 00:01:28,320

behavior and cell function the next

45

00:01:32,469 --> 00:01:30,479

level is to understand how potential

46

00:01:34,149 --> 00:01:32,479

pathogens could affect flight crew

47

00:01:36,310 --> 00:01:34,159

especially as we look forward to longer

48

00:01:37,590 --> 00:01:36,320

terms in space

49

00:01:39,590 --> 00:01:37,600

and then the third piece as you

50

00:01:41,190 --> 00:01:39,600

mentioned was what does this tell us

51
00:01:43,670 --> 00:01:41,200
about the organisms

52
00:01:45,830 --> 00:01:43,680
on earth and because this yeast is a

53
00:01:48,389 --> 00:01:45,840
potential pathogen and does cause

54
00:01:49,830 --> 00:01:48,399
disease in immunocompromised people

55
00:01:51,670 --> 00:01:49,840
people who've had surgeries or have

56
00:01:52,789 --> 00:01:51,680
diseases that compromise their immune

57
00:01:54,389 --> 00:01:52,799
response

58
00:01:57,190 --> 00:01:54,399
it can teach us a lot about

59
00:01:58,870 --> 00:01:57,200
how those organisms function within

60
00:02:00,789 --> 00:01:58,880
parts of the body that we can't easily

61
00:02:02,230 --> 00:02:00,799
access and then

62
00:02:04,230 --> 00:02:02,240
allow us to

63
00:02:06,389 --> 00:02:04,240

understand the disease process and

64

00:02:09,190 --> 00:02:06,399

develop therapies potentially to to

65

00:02:11,350 --> 00:02:09,200

improve outcomes of that and so fatigue

66

00:02:13,750 --> 00:02:11,360

the um ames research center is

67

00:02:15,270 --> 00:02:13,760

responsible for these micro payloads

68

00:02:17,190 --> 00:02:15,280

what what is the interest there with

69

00:02:18,630 --> 00:02:17,200

with ames and why do why do you guys

70

00:02:20,949 --> 00:02:18,640

want to be involved with this and how

71

00:02:23,030 --> 00:02:20,959

does it work with bioserve and sheila's

72

00:02:25,430 --> 00:02:23,040

from montana state university tell us

73

00:02:27,830 --> 00:02:25,440

how that all works yes so the

74

00:02:30,470 --> 00:02:27,840

space biology projects at nasa ames

75

00:02:31,589 --> 00:02:30,480

research center manage all the macro

76

00:02:34,150 --> 00:02:31,599

payloads

77

00:02:36,550 --> 00:02:34,160

and so those are investigations that

78

00:02:39,350 --> 00:02:36,560

more or less follow the recommendation

79

00:02:42,470 --> 00:02:39,360

from the national research councils

80

00:02:44,949 --> 00:02:42,480

in 2011 they pub publish

81

00:02:47,509 --> 00:02:44,959

a decadal survey which more or less is

82

00:02:49,270 --> 00:02:47,519

being used by nasa as to what type of

83

00:02:51,430 --> 00:02:49,280

research needs to be conducted on the

84

00:02:53,910 --> 00:02:51,440

international space station per se and

85

00:02:56,949 --> 00:02:53,920

so at ames we more or less overseeing

86

00:02:58,550 --> 00:02:56,959

the projects and as you mentioned

87

00:03:00,710 --> 00:02:58,560

biosafe space technology at the

88

00:03:02,550 --> 00:03:00,720

university of colorado in boulder is the

89

00:03:04,869 --> 00:03:02,560

pedal developer

90

00:03:06,390 --> 00:03:04,879

all right and sheila you talked about

91

00:03:08,390 --> 00:03:06,400

we've learned a little bit so far tell

92

00:03:10,869 --> 00:03:08,400

us what we've learned

93

00:03:13,190 --> 00:03:10,879

okay we we flew on spacex one which was

94

00:03:14,550 --> 00:03:13,200

our first opportunity as well as space

95

00:03:17,430 --> 00:03:14,560

expeditions

96

00:03:20,229 --> 00:03:17,440

and that gave us a lot of groundwork we

97

00:03:21,990 --> 00:03:20,239

we found that the organisms were

98

00:03:23,670 --> 00:03:22,000

a little bit more resistant to

99

00:03:25,430 --> 00:03:23,680

antimicrobials as we had found in our

100

00:03:27,430 --> 00:03:25,440

ground-based studies

101
00:03:29,110 --> 00:03:27,440
we found we were able to compare their

102
00:03:30,390 --> 00:03:29,120
growth rates to those experiments that

103
00:03:33,350 --> 00:03:30,400
we were doing

104
00:03:35,190 --> 00:03:33,360
comparably on ground we also found out

105
00:03:36,390 --> 00:03:35,200
that we could bring live samples back

106
00:03:38,390 --> 00:03:36,400
and test them

107
00:03:40,229 --> 00:03:38,400
at our home lab that those samples that

108
00:03:41,830 --> 00:03:40,239
had been exposed to flight

109
00:03:43,589 --> 00:03:41,840
and so there was a lot of the basic

110
00:03:45,990 --> 00:03:43,599
information that we were able to to

111
00:03:47,430 --> 00:03:46,000
garner from that first flight and so on

112
00:03:49,750 --> 00:03:47,440
this one we're adding a second

113
00:03:51,990 --> 00:03:49,760

antimicrobial and a couple of new

114

00:03:53,830 --> 00:03:52,000

analyses sort of as an extension of

115

00:03:55,509 --> 00:03:53,840

those initial studies you've been here a

116

00:03:57,190 --> 00:03:55,519

few days now tell us about the work

117

00:03:59,589 --> 00:03:57,200

you're doing right now to get this

118

00:04:01,670 --> 00:03:59,599

payload ready okay the first part of our

119

00:04:03,990 --> 00:04:01,680

team arrived in the middle of last week

120

00:04:06,630 --> 00:04:04,000

the second half of the team arrived on

121

00:04:08,309 --> 00:04:06,640

friday and basically we set up the lab

122

00:04:10,229 --> 00:04:08,319

that was in very good shape for us

123

00:04:11,990 --> 00:04:10,239

already we had a lot of equipment that

124

00:04:14,070 --> 00:04:12,000

we brought from home

125

00:04:16,629 --> 00:04:14,080

basically got all of the equipment

126

00:04:19,110 --> 00:04:16,639

sterilized media made and then on

127

00:04:21,110 --> 00:04:19,120

saturday what happens here is we

128

00:04:23,670 --> 00:04:21,120

actually build the experiments within

129

00:04:25,430 --> 00:04:23,680

the hardware provided by a bioserve and

130

00:04:28,070 --> 00:04:25,440

it's at least a two-step if not a

131

00:04:30,469 --> 00:04:28,080

three-step process and on saturday we

132

00:04:32,230 --> 00:04:30,479

started building those experiments and

133

00:04:33,909 --> 00:04:32,240

the next two stages of that building

134

00:04:35,670 --> 00:04:33,919

process will be much more closely

135

00:04:38,070 --> 00:04:35,680

juxtaposed to launch

136

00:04:39,990 --> 00:04:38,080

so we'll spend 30 plus maybe days in

137

00:04:42,550 --> 00:04:40,000

space then come back right right so this

138

00:04:43,909 --> 00:04:42,560

experiment will be it has a couple of

139

00:04:45,670 --> 00:04:43,919

growth windows while on the

140

00:04:46,870 --> 00:04:45,680

international space station but the

141

00:04:49,749 --> 00:04:46,880

experiment will stay there for the

142

00:04:52,469 --> 00:04:49,759

duration of space x4 and return on space

143

00:04:56,469 --> 00:04:52,479

x4 more micros fati

144

00:04:59,909 --> 00:04:56,479

yes hopefully uh i mean we expecting

145

00:05:01,830 --> 00:04:59,919

micro 9 to come up on spacex

146

00:05:03,430 --> 00:05:01,840

so we'll be

147

00:05:05,830 --> 00:05:03,440

actually also using the same model

148

00:05:08,629 --> 00:05:05,840

organism which is east but it will be

149

00:05:11,590 --> 00:05:08,639

different type of objectives and

150

00:05:13,189 --> 00:05:11,600

scientific i guess investigation

151

00:05:14,390 --> 00:05:13,199

all right well it sounds like

152

00:05:16,390 --> 00:05:14,400

interesting work interesting

153

00:05:18,070 --> 00:05:16,400

investigations we can't wait to learn